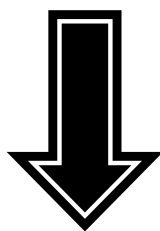


Problem-solving Example 6

How many photons of light which have wavelength  $4000\text{\AA}$  required to give energy of  $20\text{kJ}$ .

Solution



Solution :

energy for one photon  $\nearrow$

$$E_{\text{photon}} = h\nu = \frac{hc}{\lambda}$$
$$= \frac{(6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ Js})(2.998 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1})}{(4000 \times 10^{-10}) \text{ m}}$$
$$= 5.0 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J photon}^{-1}$$

$\therefore 1\text{\AA} = 10^{-10} \text{ m}$

Energy of one photon,  $E_{\text{photon}} = 5.0 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J photon}^{-1}$

$$5.0 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J} \equiv 1 \text{ photons}$$
$$\therefore 20 \times 10^3 \text{ J} \equiv \left( \frac{20 \times 10^3 \times 1}{5.0 \times 10^{-19}} \right) \text{ photons}$$
$$= 4.0 \times 10^{22} \text{ photons. (Ans)}$$